

Canadian Pharmacists Conference 2015

Innovation and Collaboration

Point-of-care screening programs in community pharmacy practice:

An innovative approach to improving patient care

John Papastergiou BSc, BScPhm Community Pharmacist/Owner Adjunct Assistant Professor School of Pharmacy, University of Waterloo





Jointly presented by the Canadian Pharmacists Association (CPhA) and the Ontario Pharmacists Association (OPA)



Speaker's Bureau:

Bayer, Merck, Abbvie, Pfizer, Almirall, Valeant, Leo, OPA

Consultants:

Abbvie, La Roche-Posay, Galderma





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Practice site





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Objectives

- 1. Review the current **point-of-care technologies** available for use by community pharmacists.
- 2. Showcase recent evidence that highlights the impact of pharmacistdirected point-of-care screening in the management of different disease states.
- 3. Discuss strategies to overcome barriers when attempting to integrate point-of-care screening into a busy community pharmacy practice.
- 4. Identify opportunities to utilize point-of-care screening to add value to other expanded scope activities.



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Point-of-care testing (POCT)



What is point-of-care testing?

Testing performed on site, at the time of patient consultation

New opportunities with

- Enhancing clinical pharmacy services
- Facilitating expanded scope activities
- Improving patient health





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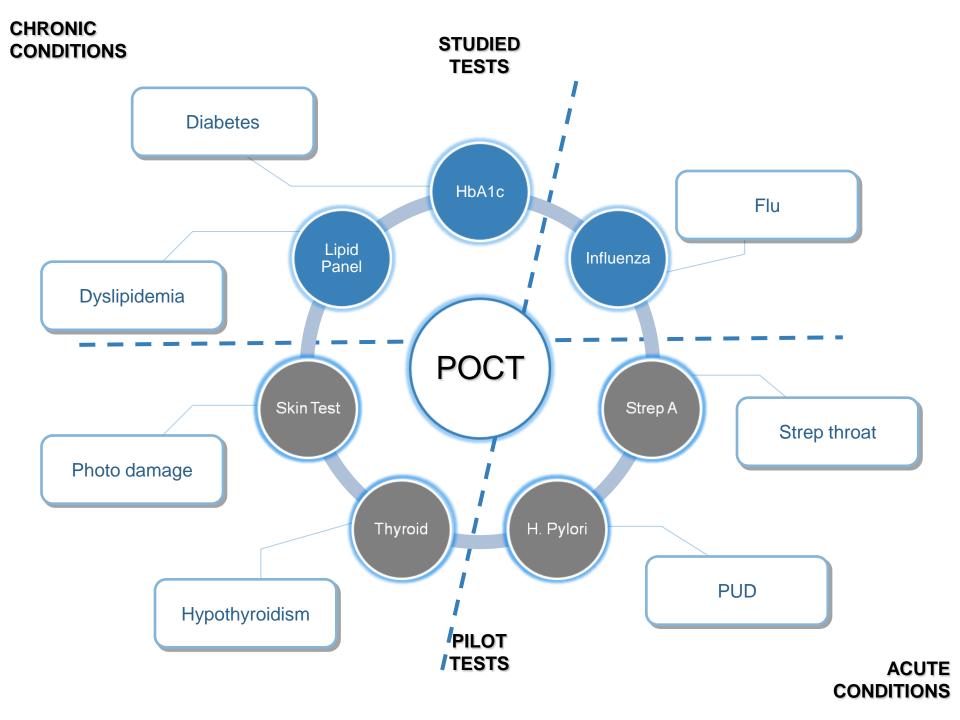


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POCT: Bridging healthcare access gaps

~

Expanded Scope					Ρ	rovin	ce/Te	errito	ry				
	BC	AB	SK	MB	ON	QC	NB	NS	PEI	NL	NWT	ΥT	NU
Provide emergency prescription refills	\checkmark	~	~	\checkmark	~	7,8 P	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	~	X	X
Renew/extend prescriptions	\checkmark	~	~	4	~	P	~	~	~	~	~	X	X
Change drug dosage/ formulation	\checkmark	~	~	~	~	7,8 P	~	~	~	\checkmark	X	X	X
Make therapeutic substitution	\checkmark	~	~	X	x	7,8 P	~	~	~	12	X	X	X
Prescribe for minor ailments/conditions	X	`	~	~	x	7,8 P	~	~	~	X	X	X	X
Initiate prescription drug therapy	X	~	2	~	5	7,8 P	10	2	2	X	X	X	X
Order and interpret lab tests	X	\checkmark	P	\checkmark	Ρ	P	Ρ	Ρ	P	X	X	X	X
Administer a drug by injection	\checkmark	~	P	~	6 ~	7,9 P	~	~	~	~	X	X	X
Regulated Pharmacy Technicians	~	~	P	Ρ	~	X	Ρ	~	~	~	X	X	X
plemented in jurisdiction				ending l policy				ı			X	Not im	pleme



HbA1c point-of-care test





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2.4 MILLION DIABETES, CANADIANS LIVING WITH

20% OF DIABETICS HAVE NOT YET BEEN DIAGNOSED1

50% OF DIABETES IS UNCONTROLLED1

70% OF DIABETICS HAVE NOT HAD AN 70% A1C IN THE PAST YEAR²



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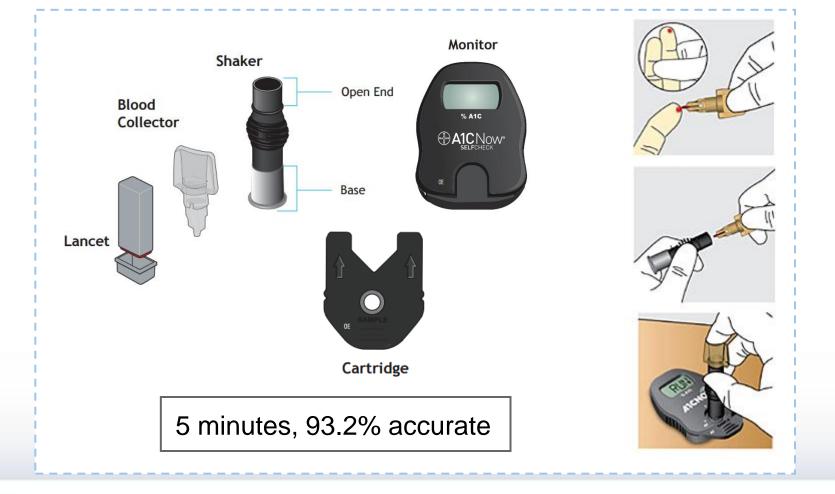




1. Public Health Agency of Canada: Facts and Figures from a Public Health Perspective. Ottawa; 2001.

Saaddine, J. Ann Intern Med. 2002; 136:565-74

HbA1c point-of-care test





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National A1C POCT study

Community Pharmacy-Based A1C Screening - A Canadian Model for Diabetes Care John Papastergiou, BScPhm; Chris Folkins, BScPhm, PhD; Wilson Li, BScPhm, CDE

Population: patients diagnosed with diabetes across Canada

Assessment: POC A1C test

Intervention: pharmacist recommendation

Outcome:

- ✓ level of A1C control of diabetics
- ✓ number and type of **pharmacist interventions** in diabetes



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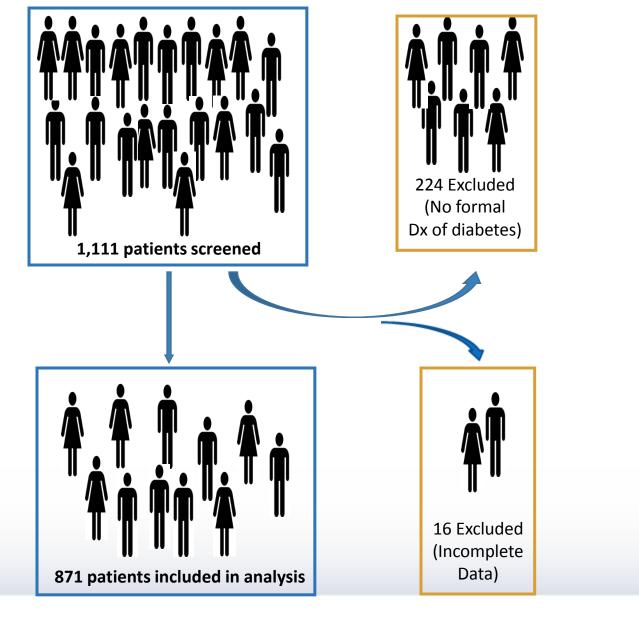
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Geographic Distribution of Participants



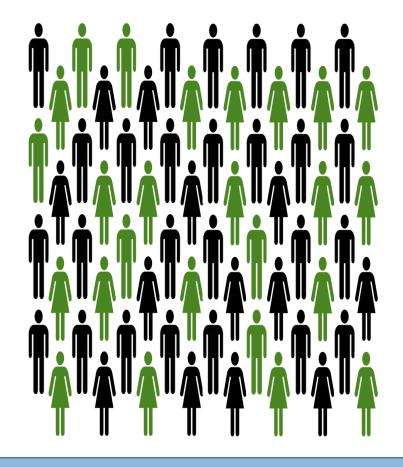


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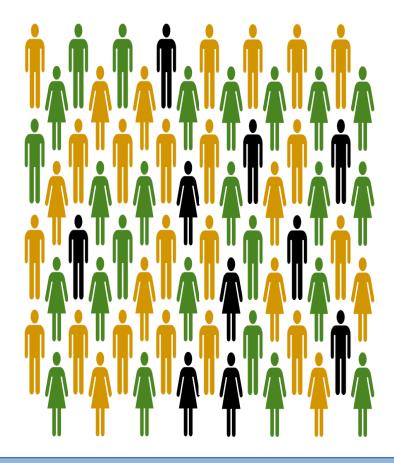


Results



40.9% optimal glycemic control (A1c ≤7.0%)

Results



43.3% hyperglycemic (A1c >7 and <9%)

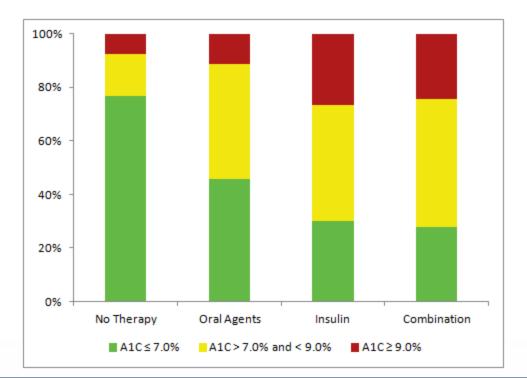
Results



Over half (59.1%) of patients screened did not meet glycemic targets

T T T T T T T T 15.8% marked hyperglycemia (A1c ≥9.0%)

Results - Glycemic Control by Regimen



Trend towards worse glycemic control with more intense antihyperglycemic regimen



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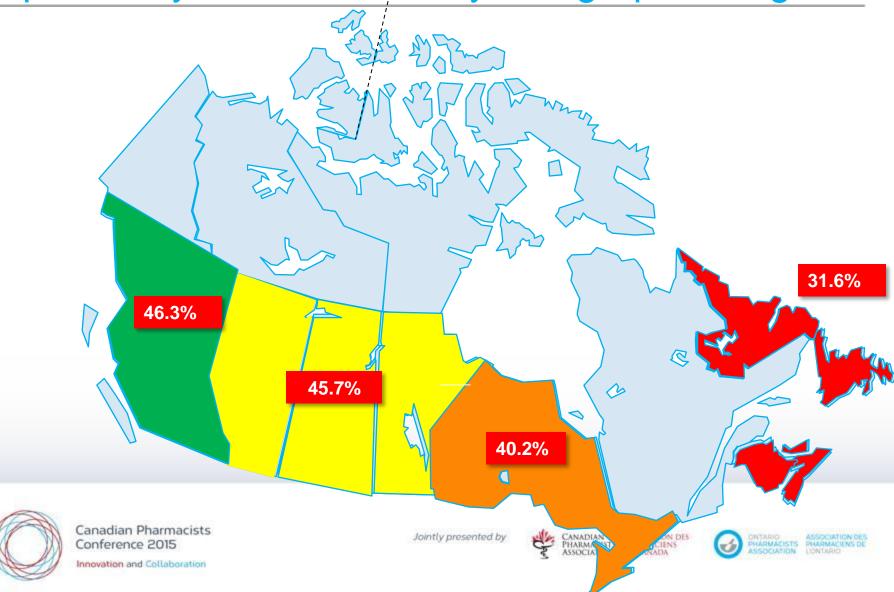
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Optimal Gycemic Control by Geographic Region



Results – Interventions

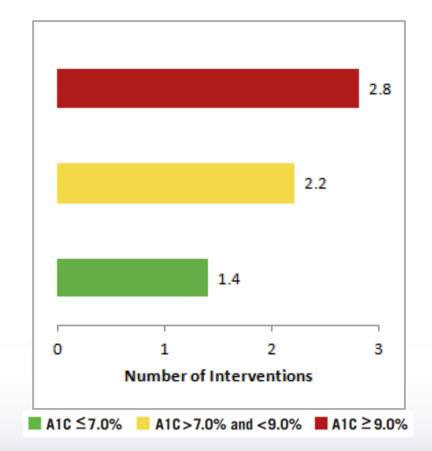
Average number of interventions per patient: 2

- Total 1,711 interventions performed by pharmacists
 - Lifestyle counselling (29.0 %)
 - Referral to physician (16.5%)
 - Discussion of the patient's A1C (13.7%)
 - Communication with the physician
 - Device training
 - Referral to dietitian
 - Booking a follow-up appointment



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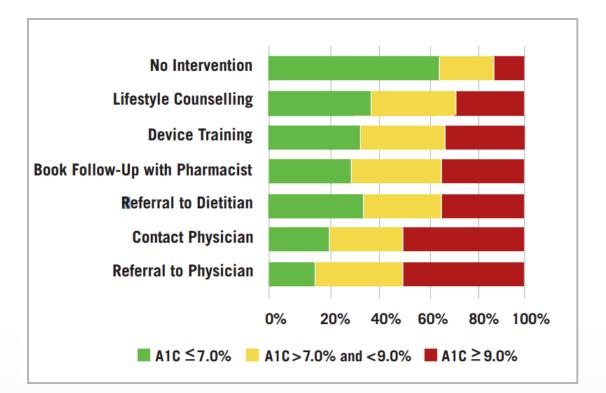
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Results - Type of Interventions by A1C



Shift towards <u>decreased</u> prevalence of pharmacist-directed interventions and <u>increased</u> prevalence of physician-directed interventions with poorer glycemic control



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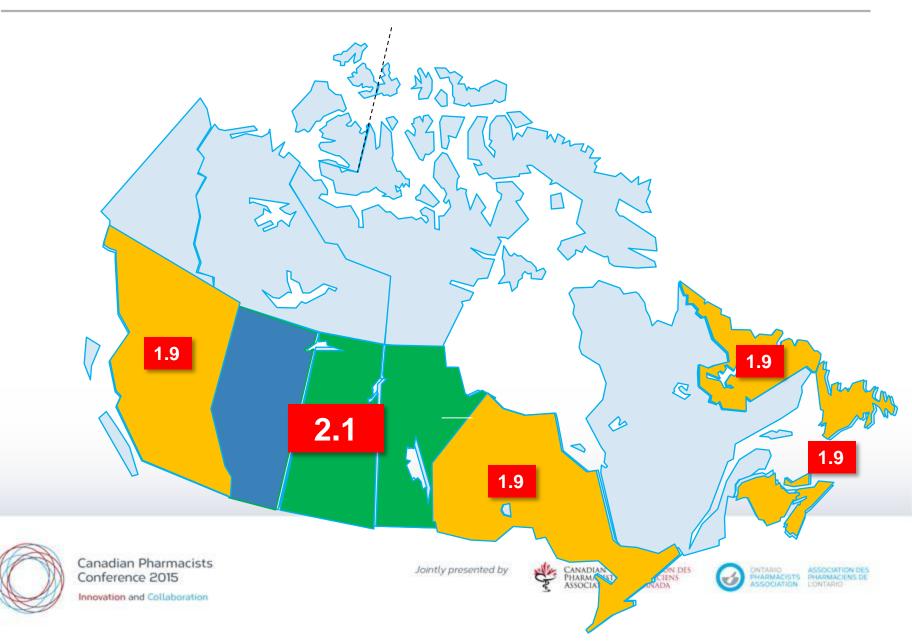






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Geographic Distribution of Interventions



Possible Explanations

- Why are so many patients not meeting glycemic targets?
- Huge opportunity for the pharmacist during medication reviews

- Disease Progression
- Non-adherence & lack of time/personnel to educate patients

Psychological Insulin Resistance

- Reluctance on the part of patients &/physicians to initiate or intensify insulin therapy
- Under-dosing of Medication

Diabetes Support Program study

Diabetes Support Program - a Case Study

Shoppers Drug Mart & Greenshield

Population: Diabetic patients across Canada
Assessment: POC A1C
Intervention: Pharmacist recommendation
Outcome: Change in level of A1C control at follow up

457 diabetic patients initially included in analysis82 diabetic patients participated in a follow-up

SUPPORT SUPPORT

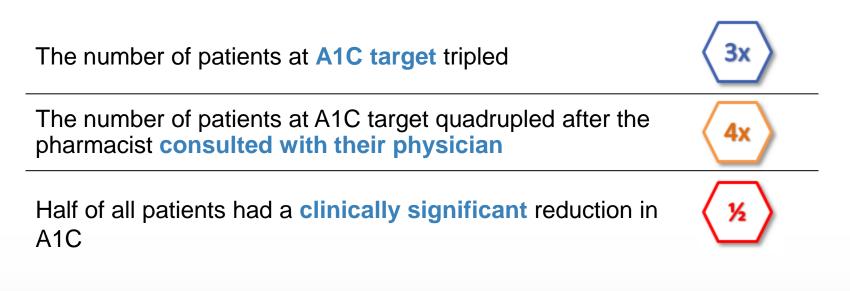


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Following pharmacist recommendations:





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Sustainable Solutions Report. (n.d.). Retrieved April 18, 2015, from http://corporate.shoppersdrugmart.ca/en-ca/press-centre/sustainable-solutions-report

Patient satisfaction

Survey Question

Strongly Agree/Agree

You were able to find a convenient appointment time.	95%
You found the assistance/consultation you had with the pharmacist very valuable in managing your diabetes.	90%
You received information that would help you better manage your condition.	89%
You will discuss the appointment results with your doctor or other health care provider	91%



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Sustainable Solutions Report. (n.d.). Retrieved April 18, 2015, from http://corporate.shoppersdrugmart.ca/en-ca/press-centre/sustainable-solutions-report

A1C POCT take home message

Pharmacists can use the A1C POCT:

- ✓ Promoting adherence
- Escalating therapy when appropriate
- Interprofessional collaboration
- ✓Optimizing patient outcomes
- ✓ Improving patient satisfaction





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Lipid point-of-care test





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EVERY 7 MINUTESHEART DISEASE A CANADIAN DIES DUE TO OR A STROKE

40% OF CANADIANS HAVE HIGH CHOLESTEROL2

50% OF PATIENTS WITH DYSLIPIDEMIA ARE UNAWARE OF IT2



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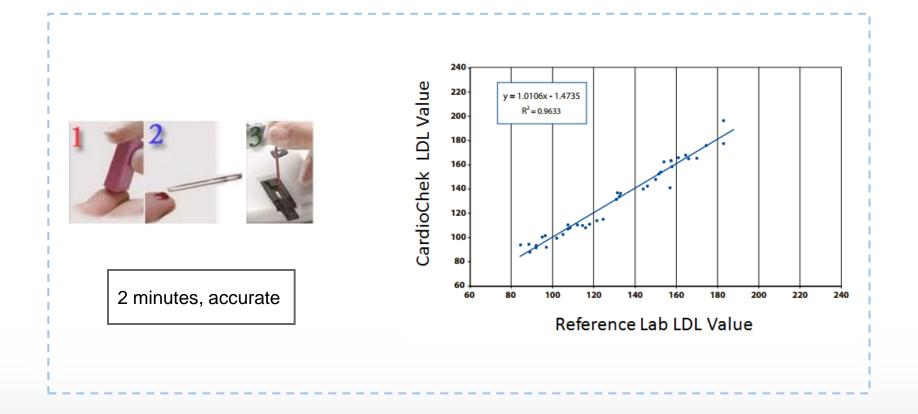




1. (Statistics Canada, 2012)

 Cholesterol levels of adults, 2012 to 2013. (n.d.). Retrieved April 18, 2015, from http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/82-625x/2014001/article/14122-eng.htm

Lipid point-of-care test





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Cardiovascular risk assessment is key

Framingham Risk Score (FRS):

- Estimates risk of cardiovascular event in the next 10 years based on TC/HDL ratio, BP, age, gender, smoking status, presence of diabetes²
 ✓ Benefits are maximized when results are communicated to the patient to
- engage patient and increase adherence¹

Cardiovascular Age Assessment:

- ✓ Estimates life expectancy based on factors similar to FRS²
 ✓ Comparing patients' chronological age with age of their vascular system improves their adherence²



Due to time constraints, many patients visiting physician office have never had their cardiovascular risk assessed²



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Anderson, T. Can J Cardiol. 2013 Feb;29(2):151-67. Grover, S. Can J Cardiol. 2011 Jul-Aug;27(4):481-7.

FRAMINGHAM RISK SCORE (FRS) Estimation of 10-year Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) Risk

Step 11

In the "points" column enter the appropriate value according to the patient's age, HDL-C, total cholesterol, systolic blood pressure, and if they smoke or have diabetes. Calculate the total points.

Risk	Factor		Risk	Points		Points
		M	en	Wo		
A	ge					
30	-34		0	0		
35-	-39		2	2		
40-	-44		5	4		
45	-49		7	5		
50-	-54		8	7		
55-	-59	1	0	8		
60-	-64	1	1		9	
65-	-69	1	3		10	
70-	-74	1	4	1	11	
	5+	1	5	1	12	
HDL-C (mmol/L)					
>1	.6	-	2	-	2	
1.3	-1.6		-1		-1	
1.2-	-1.3		0	0		
0.9	-1.2	1		1		
).9		2	2		
	olesterol					
<4	k.1		0		0	
	-5.2		1	1		
5.2-	-6.2		2		3	
	-7.2		3	4		
	.2		4	5		
Pressure	c Blood (mmHg)	Not Treated	Treated	Not Treated	Treated	
	20	-2	0	-3	-1	
	-129	0	2	0	2	
	-139	1	3	1	3	
	-149	2	4	2	5	
	-159	2 4		4 6		
16	0+	3 5		5 7		
Diabetes	Yes	3		4		
	No	0		0		
Smoker	Yes		4	3		
	No	0		0		
Total Point	ts					

Adapted from: D'Agostino RB et al.(i), General cardiovascular risk profile for use in primary care. The Framingham Heart Study. Circ 2008;117:743-53.
Adapted from: Genest J et al.(i). 2009 Canadian Cardiovascular Society/Canadian guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of dyslipidemia

and prevention of cardiovascular disease in the adult. Can J Cardiol. 2009;25(10):567-579.

Step 21

Using the total points from Step 1, determine the 10-year CVD risk* (%).

Total Points	10-Year CV	D Risk (%)*		
	Men	Women		
 3 or less 	<1	<1		
-2	1.1	<1		
-1	1.4	1.0		
0	1.6	1.2		
1	1.9	1.5		
2	2.3	1.7		
3	2.8	2.0		
4	3.3	2.4		
5	3.9	2.8		
6	4.7	3.3		
7	5.6	3.9		
8	6.7	4.5		
9	7.9	5.3		
10	9.4	6.3		
11	11.2	7.3		
12	13.3	8.6		
13	15.6	10.0		
14	18.4	11.7		
15	21.6	13.7		
16	25.3	15.9		
17	29.4	18.51		
18	>30	21.5		
19	>30	24.8		
20	>30	27.5		

Patient's Name:

Step 31

Using the total points from Step 1, determine heart age (in years).

Date:

_			
en	Heart Age, y	Men	Women
	<30	<0	<1
	30	0	
	31		1
	32	1	
	34	2	2
	36	3	3
	38	4	
	39		4
	40	5	
	42	6	5
	45	7	6
	48	8	7
	51	9	8
	54	10	
	55		9
	57	11	
	59		10
	60	12	
	64	13	11
	68	14	12
1	72	15	
5	73		13
	76	16	
1	79		14
	>80	217	15+

*Double cardiovascular disease risk percentage for individuals between the ages of 30 and 59 without diabetes if the presence of a positive history of premature cardiovascular disease is present in a first-degree relative before 55 years of age for men and before 65 years of age for women. This is known as the modified Framingham Risk Scene.³

>30

Step 42,3

21+

Using 10-year CVD risk from Step 2, determine if patient is Low, Moderate or High risk.' Indicate Lipid and/or Apo B targets

>3

Risk Level	Initiate Treatment If:	Primary Target (LDL-C)	Alternate Target
High FRS≥20%	Consider treatment in all (Strong, High)	 ≤2 mmoVL or ≥50% decrease in LDL-C (Strong, Moderate) 	• Apo B s0.8 g/L or • Non-HDL-C s2.6 mmol/L (Strong, High)
Intermediate FRS 10-19%	LDL-C 23.5 mmol/L (Strong, Moderate) For LDL-C <3.5 mmol/L consider if: Apo B >1.2 g/L OR Non-HDL-C 24.3 mmol/L (Strong, Moderate)		• Apo B s0.8 g/L or • Non-HDL-C s2.6 mmol/L (Strong, Moderate)
Low FRS <10%	LDL-C 25.0 mmol/L Familial hypercholesterolemia (Strong, Moderate)		N/A
Lipid targets	LDL-C:	or Apo B:	

[†] Consider moving some patients with metabolic syndrome up a risk level based on their 'load' of metabolic risk factors or the 'severity' of their metabolic syndrome.

‡ Atherosclerosis in any vascular bed, including carotid arteries.

apoB: apolipoprotein B stat; CAD: coronary artery disease; FRS: Framingham Risk Score; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein cholesterol; hs-CRP: high-sensitivity C-reactive protein; PVD: peripheral vascular disease; RRS: Reynolds Risk Score; TC: total cholesterol.

Provided courtesy of

http://ccs.ca/images/Guidelines/Tools_and_Calculators_En/Lipids_Gui_2012_FRS_Col_EN.pdf

Lipid POCT pilot study

A Community Pharmacy-Based Point of Care Screening Program to Improve Cardiovascular Risk Management

John Papastergiou, BScPhm; Chris Folkins , BScPhm, PhD; Wilson Li, BScPhm, CDE

Population: 56 patients of two retail pharmacies in Toronto

Assessment: Framingham Risk and Cardiovascular Age Assessment (measured POC LDL, HDL, Total Cholesterol, TG, Blood Pressure)

Intervention: pharmacist recommendations

Outcome:

✓ level of **baseline** cardiovsacular risk

Change in measured parameters at follow up for moderate-high risk patients



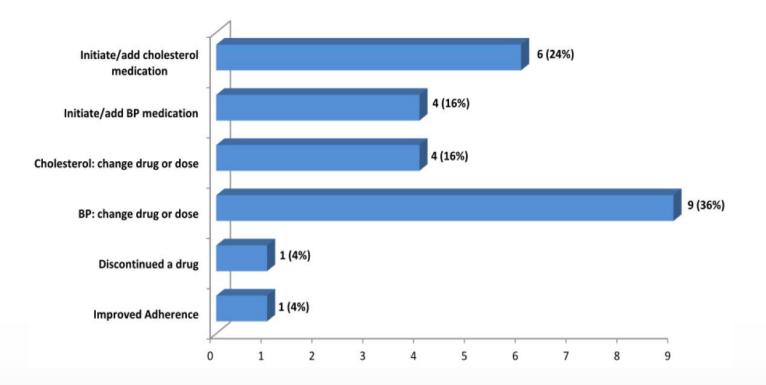
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Pharmacist interventions





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Dear Dr.

RE: PHARMACY CARDIOCHEK CLINIC - 10-YEAR CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE (CVD) RISK ASSESSMENT USING THE FRAMINGHAM RISK SCORE (FRS)

Our mutual patient, ______, has undergone a 10-year cardiovascular disease (CVD) assessment at our pharmacy based on the Framingham Risk Score (FRS), adapted from the Canadian Cardiovascular Society guidelines.

Framingham 10-Year CVD Assessment Results

		CVD RISK FACTOR S				
	Age (year)	HDL-C* (mmol/L)	Total Cholesterol* (mmol/L)	Systolic BP (mmHg)	Diabetes (Y/N)	Smoker (Y/N)
Value						
Risk Points						

*Lipid profile obtained using the CardioChek® meter.

Total Points =

FRS = __%

Based on the FRS,	, the patient is at a	risk of developing CVD in the next 10 years.

Additional service(s) that was provided to patient at the clinic:

[] Education on diet and exercise based on Canada's Food Guide and the physical activity section

- [] Reinforce adherence on medications for dyslipidemia, hypertension and diabetes (as applicable)
- [] Counselling on medications for dyslipidemia, hypertension and diabetes (as applicable)
- [] Other:

We would like to make the following recommendation(s) for the patient, if deemed appropriate:

[] Initiate medication(s): ______

(PLEASE PROVIDE NEW RX)

- [] Referral to MD
- [] Referral to dietitian
- [] Other:



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Impact

Moderate-High Patient <u>Baseline</u> Screening Results

(mean; range) (n = 27)

Time per consultation (minutes): 20.0; 10-30

LDL (mmol/L): 2.18; 0.92-4.94

HDL (mmol/L): 1.12; 0.51-2.39

TC (mmol/L): 4.05; 2.59-8.14

TC/HDL: 3.88; 2.0-6.9

SBP (mmHg): 133; 101-167

10-year CVD risk (%): 19.85; 10-30

Moderate-High Patient <u>Follow-Up*</u> Screening Results (mean; range) (n = 27)

Time per consultation (minutes): 13.9; 12-25

LDL (mmol/L): 1.86; 0.72-3.9

HDL (mmol/L): 1.19; 0.58-2.51

TC (mmol/L): 3.78; 2.59-6.8

TC/HDL: 3.53; 1.7-8.1

SBP (mmHg): 128.3; 101-159

10-year CVD risk (%): 17.42; 6.3-30



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Lipid POCT take home message

Pharmacists can use the lipid POCT:

- Identification of patients who may benefit from primary prevention pharmacotherapy
- ✓ Enhancing patient understanding of their cardiovascular risks
- ✓ Promoting patient adherence
- ✓ Improving cardiovascular outcomes





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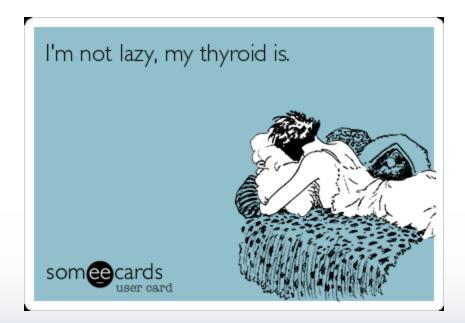
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TSH point-of-care test





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5-10% OF ADULT WOMEN HAVE SUBCLINICAL HYPOTHYROIDISM

SUBCLINICAL HYPOTHYROIDISM MAY RAISE **CHOLESTEROL**

PROGRESSES ANNUALLY TO OVERT HYPOTHYROIDISM



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Nadeau, A. (2001, July 1). Subclinical Thyroid Disorder: A laboratory finding of clinical significance? Retrieved April 18, 2015, from http://www.stacommunications.com/journals/cme/images/cmepdf/july01/thyroid.pdf

TSH point-of-care test





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Our experience

Target population: Patients with symptoms of, or at risk for subclinical hypothyroidism, in our two community pharmacies

Assessment: Qualitative TSH antibody detection point of care test

Intervention:

✓ Supportive care for bothersome signs and symptoms

✓ For patients with positive results (TSH > 5 uIU/L), refer to physician to either:

- a) perform further testing
- b) perform thyroid surveillance annually



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Subclinical Hypothyroidism Screening Protocol			1	revalence = 4.3%	
			1	= 5.9%	
Patient Name:				= 2.3%	
DOB:			Women >60	yo = up to 20%	
Age:_					
Fema	le		Female stron		
Male				nmendation reening	
Pleas	e check any of the following]			
disea	ses/conditions which you may have:		Stro	Strong	
	Type I Diabetes		Yes any recor	mmendation	
	Autoimmune disorders		for so	reening	
	1 st degree relative with thyroid disease	1			
	Previous neck radiation or surgery	1			
	e check any of the following symptoms h you may have: Fatigue Coldintolerance		mod Yes one recon	creening derate nmendation creening	
	Muscle aches/pains (arthralgia)				
	Constipation				
	Depression				
	Difficulty Concentrating			oderate	
	Dry Skin			operate	
	Enlarged tongue (Macroglossia)			screening	
	Eyebrow thinning				
	Irregular menstruation				
	Hair thinning/hair loss				
	Memory Impairment				
	Weight gain	-			
	Swelling around the eyes (periorbital				
	edema)	10			



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TSH POCT: Take home message

Based on our anecdotal experience:

✓ **Does not** warrant implementation

✓Must test large population to identify patients with high TSH

✓ Large time and resource commitment for the pharmacy



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Skin assessment point-of-care test





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CHRONIC SUN LINKED TO PHOTOAGEING AND EXPOSURE SKIN CANCERS¹

1/**3** OF CANCER DIAGNOSES ARE SKIN CANCERS

35000 DIAGNOSED WITH SKIN ONTARIANS CANCER ANNUALLY

\$344 ECONOMIC BURDEN MILLION OF SKIN CANCER IN 2011



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1.





- Dermatol Clin. 1986 Jul;4(3):509-16.
- 2. Canadian Cancer Statistics 2011.

Scalar Video Microscope

Specialized tool which magnifies the skin's surface 30X

- The non-polarized setting examines the skin surface
- The polarized setting examines the skin sub-surface
- The patented illumination technology displays any desquamation signifying dry skin

This tool can help identify:

- clogged pores
- dry or oily skin
- sun damage

Dry skin and sun exposure shows as dark and thick lines



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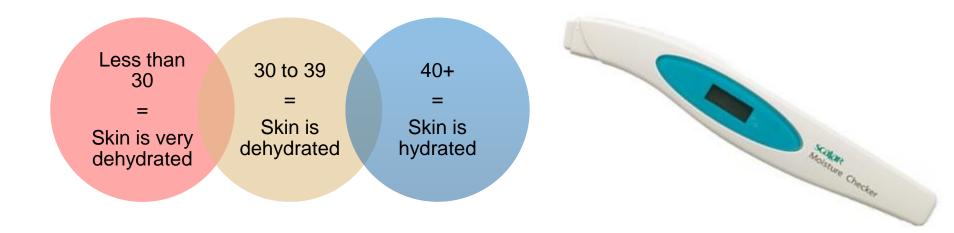


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Scalar Moisture Checker

Specialized tool to measure skin hydration. Water content contributes to skin's suppleness and comfort.



✓ UVB exposure is associated with wrinkling, elastosis, actinic keratoses, irregular pigmentation, telangiectasia (visible blood vessels), and skin cancer¹

✓UVB exposure is associated with reduced skin water content²



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1. <u>Dermatol Clin.</u> 1986 Jul;4(3):509-16.

2. J Dermatol Sci. 2001 Aug;27 Suppl 1:S42-52.

Our experience

Target population: Patients on phototoxic medications or with skin concerns

✓ isotretinoin	✓ amiodarone
✓ NSAIDs	✓ nifedipine
✓ sulfonylureas	✓ diltiazem
✓ diuretics	√quinidine

Assessment: Point of care skin assessment for hydration and signs of photo-aging

Intervention: Recommendation of appropriate OTC sun protection and moisturizers



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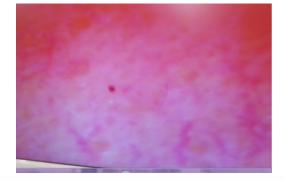


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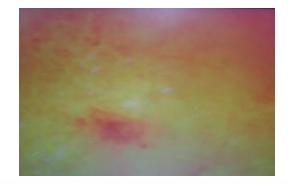
Skin Assessment Clinics: Our Experience

What does photo damage look like under **30X** magnification?

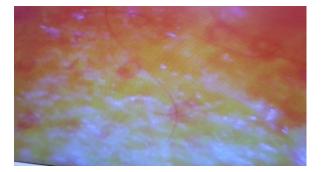
Blood vessel dilation can be a sign of excess sun exposure



- 68 year old
- female
- moisture level: 16



- 40 year old
- female
- moisture level: 23.1



- 56 year old
- female
- moisture level: 35.4



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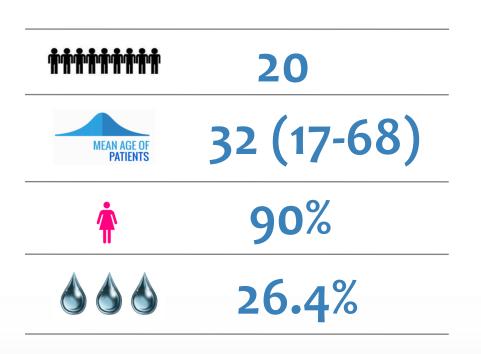


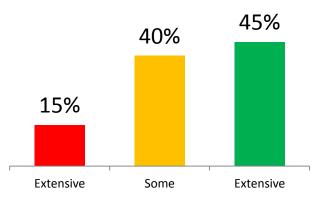




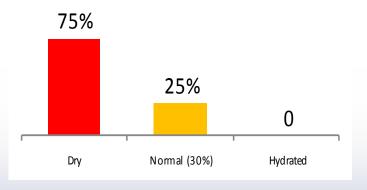
Pilot Study Results

Photodamage





Hydration Status





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Skin Assessment POCT: Take home message

Pharmacists can use the skin assessment tools for:

Increasing patient awareness of the most preventable cancer

Helping patients choose appropriate sun protection and moisturizing products

✓ Improving awareness of professional pharmacy services among front store customers



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Group A strep pharyngitis point-of-care test





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RHEUMATIC FEVER & COMPLICATIONS OF GLOMERULONEPHRITIS UNTREATED STREP THROAT₂

30% REDUCTION IN INAPPROPRIATE ABX PRESCRIBING WITH STREP A POCT₃

PROMPT TREATMENT OF STREP A WITH ABX 24 HRS



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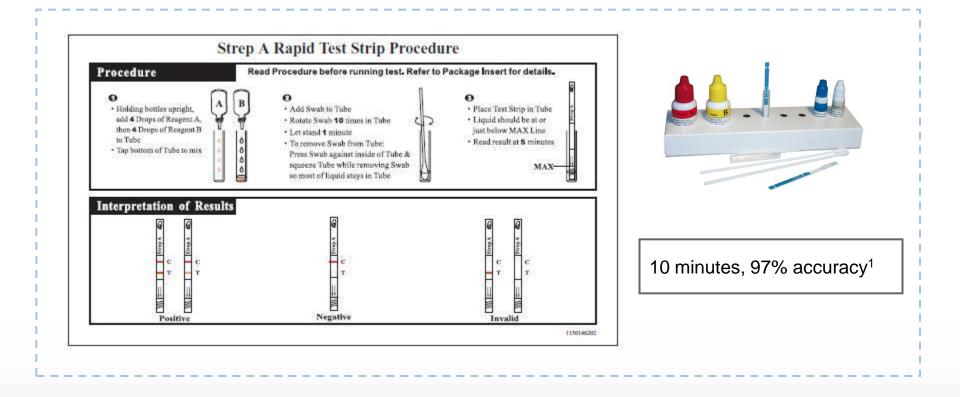


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1Am Fam Physician. 2004 Mar 15;69(6):1465-70 2Snellman L, Adams W, et al.Diagnosis and Treatment of Respiratory Illness in Children and Adults.Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement.Updated January 2013

3Arch Pediatr. 2014 Nov;21 Suppl 2:S78-83. doi: 10.1016/S0929-693X(14)72265-1. Epub 2014 Nov 13.

Rapid Response Strep A test



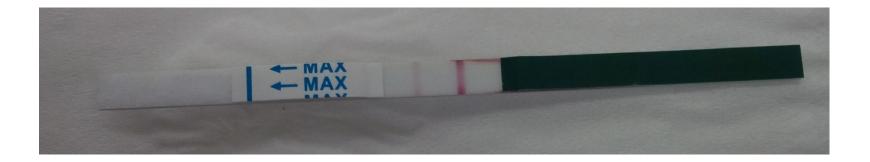


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Positive strep test





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Our experience

Target Population	Centor Criteria:	ore
Assessment: Strep	 Absence of cough (1 point) History of fever >38°C (1 point) Presence of tonsillar exudates (1 point) Swollen and tender cervical nodes (1 point) 	
Intervention:	□Age 3-14 (1 point)Age ≥45 (-1 point)	
 ✓ Pharmacist recomn ✓ Pharmacist letter to 	Score: >1 - Strep test indicated.	



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SCREENING FORM: GROUP A STREPTOCOCCAL PHARYNGITIS

Home New Screening History	
Send Form	
Patient name: Fax number: Send	
Previous Responses	
UPDATED ON 05/04/2015 8:28 PM Physician's Plan: Have patient return to clinic	
Add Response	
 Have patient return to clinic Initiate antibiotic therapy Do nothing, continue with supportive care 	
Other	
INITIATE ANTIBIOTIC THERAPY:	
Strep positive CHILD Amoxicillin 50 mg/kg/day BID x 10 days Dose:	
Cephalexin 25-50 mg/kg/day BID x 10 days Clarithromycin 15 mg/kg/day BID x 10 days Dose:	
Azithromycin 12 mg/kg/day OD x 5 days Dose: Other	
Strep positive ADULT	
 Penicillin V 600 mg BID x 10 days Cephalexin 500 mg BID x 10 days Clarithromycin 250 mg BID x 10 days 	
Azithromycin 500 mg 1st day then 250 mg x 4 days Other Dose:	
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Pilot Study: In Progress

Result	MD Response
Positive	Penicillin
Positive	Return To Clinic, MD prescribed Penicillin
Positive	Return to Clinic, MD prescribed Amoxicillin
Positive	Return to Clinic, MD prescribed Amoxiclav
Negative	Return to Clinic, confirmed Strep A, MD prescribed Amoxiclav

Centor criteria is a highly reliable tool for strep throat screening



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Strep A POCT: Take home message

Pharmacists can use the Strep A POCT for:

Helping minimize duration of symptoms of strep throat
 Helping minimize complications of strep throat
 Reducing rate of inappropriate antibiotics prescribing
 Helping reduce physician workload





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H. pylori POCT for uninvestigated dyspepsia





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25% OF CANADIANS EXPERIENCE DYSPEPSIA OVER THE COURSE OF ONE YEAR

25% OF CANADIANS WITH UNINVESTIGATED DYSPEPSIA HAVE H. PYLORI INFECTION

ACCORDING TO THE CLASS WHO, H. PYLORI IS ACCARCINOGEN



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1. Ont Health Technol Assess Ser. 2013; 13(19): 1–30.

2. Compendium of Therapeutic Choices (7th ed.). (2014). CPhA.

Our experience

Target Population: Patients in our community pharmacy in Toronto:

✓ age < 50
✓ evidence of dyspepsia
✓ no prior H. pylori test
✓ have not been treated for H. Pylori
✓ have no alarm symptoms for GI cancer

Assessment: H. pylori rapid antibody POCT

Intervention: Pharmacist letter to MD with recommendation



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Positive H. pylori test







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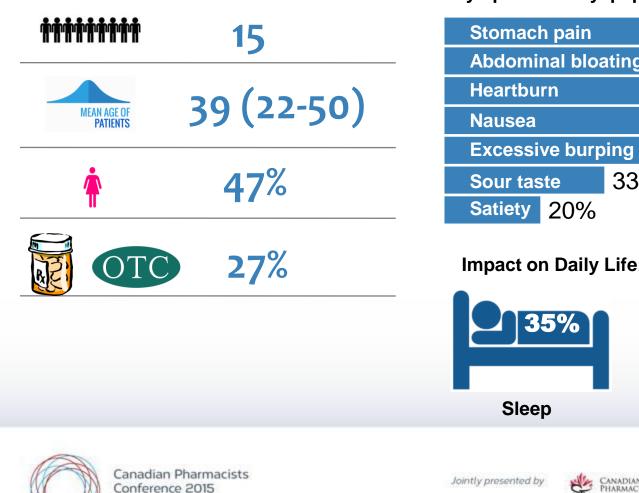


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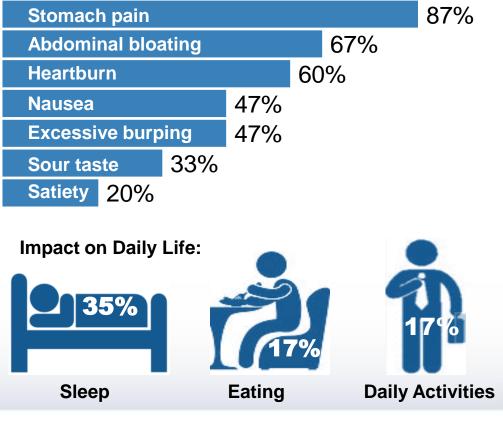
History of Present Illness Have you been previously diagnosed with a gastrointest Have you recently experienced the following (select all			
Unexplained weight loss Difficulty s	swallowing 🛛 Bloody vomit or black vom		
Anemia Nausea or Nausea or Loss and Loss and			
Have you ever had an endoscopy or a Urea Breath Test Have you ever been treated for H Pylori infection?			
This assessment is for screening purposes and does not constitute of participation in this program cannot substitute a consultation with regular physical exam. A positive test result only indicates that H 1 indicate any specfic disease status. Further follow up with the physical exam.	a diagnosis. A negative test result is not a guarantee of good health, h a physician for any medical or health-related condition, or for a Pylori may be present, and in the abseoce of symptoms, does not vsician may be necessary.		
Signature Assessment	Date:		
Qualifies for H Pylori testing (dyspepsia symptoms, age < 50, absence of alarm symptoms, no prior H Pylori t H Pylori Serology Screening Result:			
Test: Rapid Response TM H. Pylori Cassette	Lot #:		
Specificity: 89.2% Sensitivity: 93%	Exp. Date:		
Pharmacotherapy Plan - *Physician's Response Require			
H Pylori Positive	H Pylori Negative (select all that apply)		
□ Initiate HP-Pac (lansoprazole 30 mg,	□ Initiate Omeprazole 20 mg once daily x 1 mon		
clarithromycin 500 mg, amoxicillin 500 mg) BID	□ Initiate Ranitidine 150 mg once daily x 1 mon		
x 7 days Initiate H Pylori eradication alternative regimen:	□ Increase dose ofto		
 Patient to visit clinic Other: 			
Physician's signatu	ire Date		
S			
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Pilot Study – In Progress



Symptoms of Dyspepsia:





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Results – In Progress

Positive 6 (40%) 17%

> Recommended ranitidine 150mg x 1 month

17%

Recommended omeprazole 20mg (OTC) daily x 1 month

100% Referral to physician **Negative** 9 (60%)

44%

Recommended ranitidine 150mg daily x 1 month

11%

Recommended omeprazole 20mg (OTC) daily x 1 month

11%

Recommended Gaviscon

33%

Continue with current prescription medication for stomach symptoms



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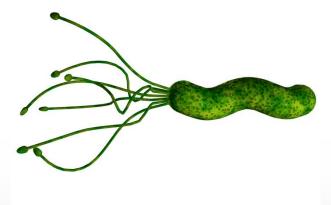
ASSOCIATION D

H. pylori POCT: Take home message

Pharmacists can use the H. pylori POCT for:

✓ Helping to reduce severity of H. pylori-associated dyspepsia
 ✓ Addressing gaps in access to GI care

Rapid assessment and referral





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Influenza point-of-care test





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ASSOCIATED WITH INFLUENZA DURING THE 2013-14 INFLUENZA SEASON

EARLY IS KEY TO MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS DETECTION AT RISK OF INFLUENZA COMPLICATIONS



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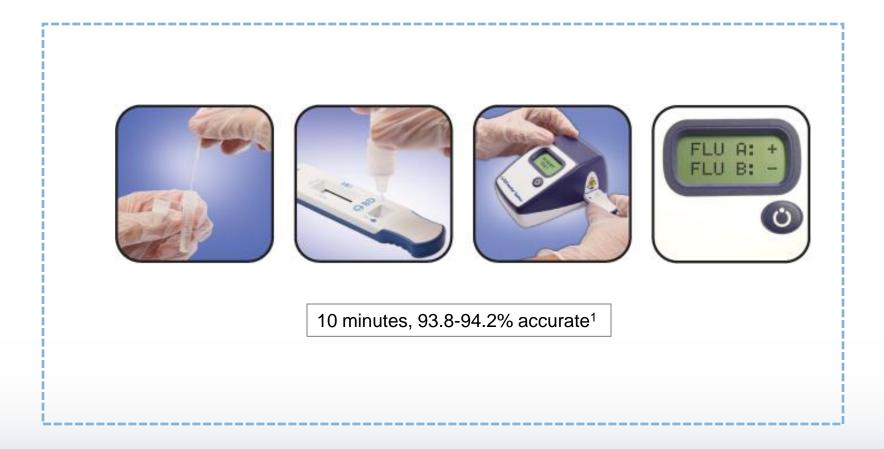
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Public Health Agency of Canada. FluWatch report: August 10 to August 23, 2014.

BD Veritor point-of-care





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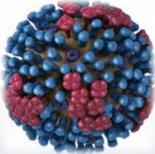
Our experience

Target Population: Patients five years or older with symptoms suggestive of influenza

Assessment: Influenza A/B point of care rapid antigen detection test

Intervention:

Pharmacist recommendation of supportive care OTCs
 For positive test result, pharmacist letter to MD with suggested antiviral regimen where indicated





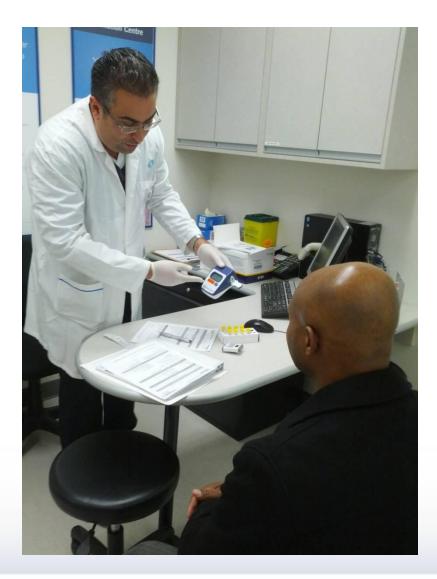
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Dear D	r.	

Patient Information			
	Date of Birth: Age:		
	Phone Number:		
	Allergies		
Affix Label Here			
	Rapid Detection of Flu A+B Test		
	BD Veritor™ System Test DeviceLotExpiry		
	Flu A Sensitivity: 82.1-94.9% Specificity: 93.9-98.6%		
	Flu B Sensitivity: 74.6-83.9% Specificity: 91.9-99.6%		
History of Current Illness			
Symptoms Influ	enza Vaccination Status		
□*Fever (°C)/chills □Unvaccina	ted		
□*Cough □Va	ccinated(vaccine type: date:)		
□ Myalgia			
Headache *Symp	otom Onset within 48 hours 🛛 YES 🖾 NO		
Sore throat Subjective Symptom Severity: Mild / Moderate/ Severe			
Running nose Actions Taken to Date:			
□Nausea/vomiting			
For Factors for Influenza Complications			
Nursing home/chronic care facility resident	Chronic respiratory disease		
Pregnant <18 years of age on chronic aspirin therapy	Cardiovascular disease		
265 years of age	Malignancy Chronic renal insufficiency		
□ Obese (BMI ≥40)	Diabetes mellitus, other metabolic disease		
Aboriginal	 Hemoglobinopathy Immunosuppression, immunodeficiency 		
	Neurologic disease, neurodevelopmental disorder		
Pharmacotherapy Plan * PHYSICIAN'S RESPO	DNSE REQUIRED*		
□ InitiateOseItamivir (Tamiflu™) antiviral therapy	Supportive care recommended by Pharmacist		
Clcr> 60 mL/min: Oseltamivir75mg BID x 5 days	Acetaminophen 500-1000mg QID		
Clcr 30-60 mL/min: Oseltamivir30 mg BID x 5 days	Dibuprofen 200-400mg TID		
Clcr 10-30 mL/min: Oseltamivir30 mg QD x 5 days	Antihistamine:		
	Cough syrup:		
□ Patient to visit clinic	Lozenge:		

Upon suspicion of Influenza virus infection, we have performed a preliminary screening. Please see results below.



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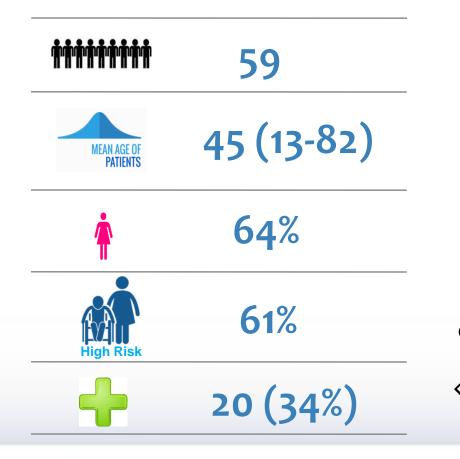
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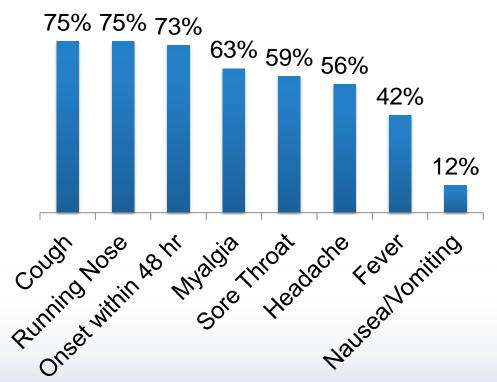




Pilot Study Results



Patient Symptoms





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Pilot Study Results 59 + 34% - 66% R Supportive 40% 60% No Tamiflu Therapy Tamiflu 42% No 63% Rx to **Rx** Clinic Pharm 42% No 37% Clinic MD 16% Pt



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Declined





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Influenza POCT: Take home message

- ✓ Pharmacy influenza screening facilitates prompt access to treatment
- ✓ Pharmacy influenza screening may reduce burden of influenza illness
- ✓ Timely physician communication remains a barrier to access to treatment
- Pharmacy influenza screening may decrease burden on the healthcare system



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What are the pharmacy POCT barriers?





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Common barriers to pharmacy POCT



- 1. Lack of time and resources
- 2. Lack of support from stakeholders
- 3. Lack of pharmacist confidence
- 4. Lack of **patient awareness** or interest



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Time and resources

Chronic condition POCTs patient clinics Acute condition POCTs integrate in dispensing process

- Educate staff regarding: patient eligibility, purpose of clinic
- ✓ Master appropriate use of POCT, and its limitations
- ✓ Know red flags prompting immediate MD assessment
- ✓ Create advertisements
- ✓ Generate sign up sheet
- ✓ Formulate standardized letter to MD
- ✓ Adjust staffing hours for Clinic Day





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Lack of stakeholder support

As pharmacists, we must build **evidence base** demonstrating that pharmacy POCT:

- Improves healthcare outcomes
- ✓ Enhances patient satisfaction
- ✓ Reduces healthcare costs





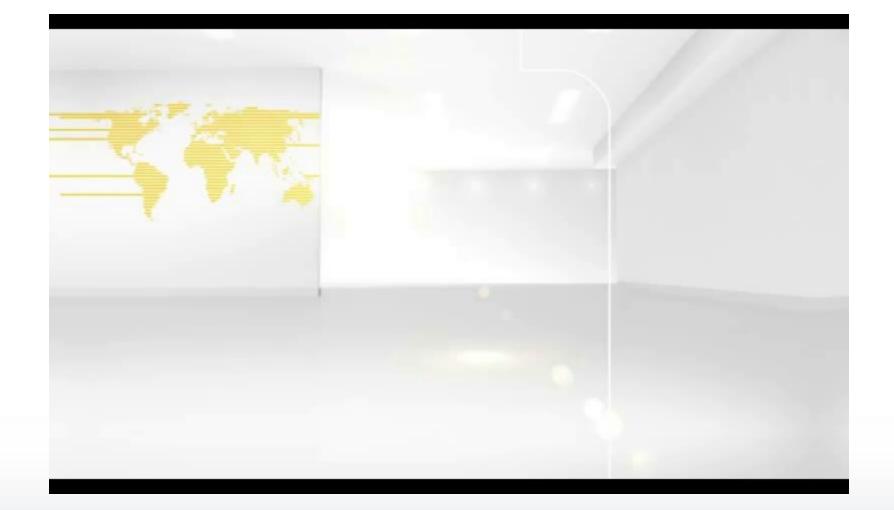
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Lack of confidence

Performing POCT is associated with the **professional responsibility** of knowing what to do with the results!

✓ Become familiar with red flags
 When to refer
 Need for further assessment
 Limitations of POCT device

✓ Continuing education

Workshops Journals Guidelines





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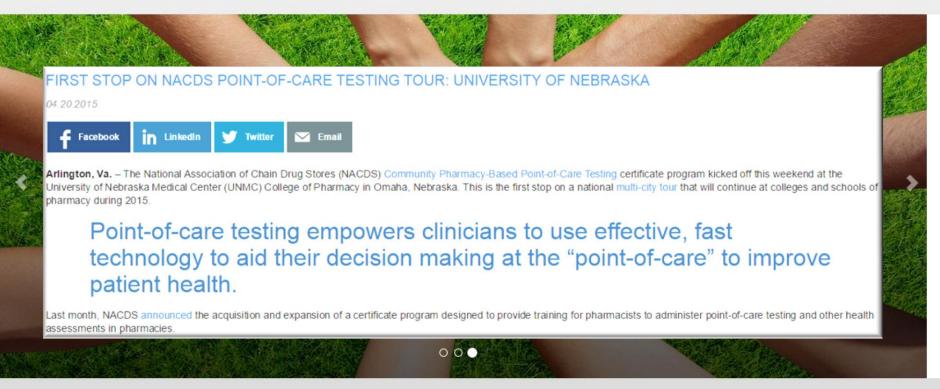




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Improving patient health through partnership in research, education and medication management

Detecting and Treating Illness More Quickly and Effectively

The NACDS Foundation is partnering with more than 70 pharmacies in various states to diagnosis and treat patients with influenza and strep throat.





LEARN MORE »

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Lack of patient awareness

- ✓ Make the patient aware of service availability
- Define the service in patient-friendly language
- ✓ Describe the need your service will address
- ✓ Describe the value of the service (benefits) to the patient
- ✓ Outline the investment patient needs to make





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Why do point-of-care screening in community pharmacy?





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Patients

Improved patient care

- Reduced DTPs & complications
- ↓ need for physician visits
- More frequent monitoring

Pharmacists

- Increased job satisfaction
- Expanded
- scope of

practice

- Teamwork
- Best practice sharing
- · Get out of the dispensary



Business

- Increased customer loyalty
- Physician & patient referrals to pharmacy
- Increased professional revenue
- Increased script count & compliance packs



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