

Debunking medication abortion myths

Medication abortion involves the use of 2 drugs, mifepristone and misoprostol, to end a pregnancy.



Mvth: The only option to end a pregnancy is to have a procedure.

Myth: A medication abortion only occurs in the hospital.



Fact:

Although the initial consultation takes place in a variety of settings with an authorized prescriber, such as a doctor, midwife or nurse practitioner, the medications can be taken safely at home.



Myth:

Abortion leads to negative mental health outcomes, such as depression and anxiety.

Fact: There are 2 options to end a pregnancy:

by procedure and medication.

Myth: Abortion is dangerous.

Fact:

When performed legally and in a regulated environment, abortion is a safe medical intervention.²

The mifepristone/misoprostol combination is the only regimen approved in Canada for a medication abortion.¹

Myth: Most people regret having an abortion.

Fact:

Most people feel relieved following an abortion.⁴



Fact:

Having an abortion does not increase the risk of mental health problems. However, when pregnant people who seek abortion services are judged, stigmatized or undermined, the process of accessing this service can become traumatic.

Myth:

Medication abortion drugs cause the pregnancy to be absorbed back into the body.

Fact:

The medications used for abortion work by stopping the pregnancy and causing it to be naturally expelled from the body. This is seen in the form of cramps and bleeding that is heavier than a normal period.



1 out of every 1000

abortion experience serious

complications that affect future

patients undergoing a medication



Myth: **Only young and** *irresponsible* people have abortions.

Fact:

People in their reproductive years have abortions for different reasons. They are making responsible decisions for themselves and their families.



Myth: **Medication** abortion is very painful.

Fact:

Fact:

fertility.

Pain, cramping and bleeding are normal and expected side effects. It is advisable to obtain pain relief medications. In addition, making an informed choice, knowing what to expect and having a good understanding of what is happening to your body during the process helps with preparation and coping.

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